ROMANS

18-HOURS OF TEACHING COVERING THE ENTIRE BOOK OF ROMANS



CHRISTIAN EDUCATIONAL SERVICES

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Dear Friend,

God bless you in the wonderful name of Jesus Christ our Lord.

Welcome to this seminar on the Book of Romans, the foundational doctrine upon which all the other Church Epistles are built. Though Romans is a doctrinal treatise covering some deep spiritual truths, it also contains many practical keys to successful Christian living. We have done our best to capture each of these two aspects of the epistle for you.

We hope this class helps each person grow in grace and function in the Body of Christ as the Lord Jesus leads. We would love to hear what you think of this seminar, be it constructive criticism or its practical benefit to your life. We love you and look forward to helping you in any way we can.

Your brother in Christ,

John A. Lynn

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Romans

Romans is the foundation of the seven Church Epistles and comes first in the order of the three doctrinal epistles, the others being Ephesians and Thessalonians.

The main subject is the revelation of God's wrath against sin and of the only ground upon which the sinner can stand in righteousness before Him. It shows both Jew and Gentile falling short of the standard of God's glory in their attempts to effect their own righteousness, and their need for a divine righteousness.

Romans reveals what God has done with <u>sins</u> and with <u>sin</u> and how the Christian, as a saved sinner, rescued from the depths of sin and iniquity, is individually justified simply by his trust in and acceptance of the finished work of Jesus Christ, and how he is united with him (in identification) in death, burial and resurrection.

Romans teaches that although the Christian's sin nature continues with him in constant hostility to the "new man," he can reckon the "old man" dead and walk in newness of life.

A Christian's foundation is that he has been judged righteous in God's sight, that there is no condemnation from God and that nothing can separate him from God's love. Thus, he sees that his human frailty does not invalidate what God has done for him and in him, and that he can refuse to condemn himself. Instead, he is to be transformed, thought by thought, by the renewing of his mind to the end that he functions as a unique member of the Body of Christ and walks honestly before all men, showing them by his words and works God's abounding goodness and love.

A Structure of Romans

1:1-6	The Gospel
1:7	Salutations
1:8-10a	Prayer
1:10b-13	Journey
1:14-16a	Ministry
1:16-8:39	Doctrinal
1:16b-5:11	Sins—The old nature (its results) what (God did) (Christ is) FOR us.
1:16b, 17	Power of God Revealed
1:18	Wrath of God revealed
1:19-3:20	Man's ungodliness and God's wrath
3:21-5:11	God's righteousness and power unto salvation
5:12-8:39	Sin—The old nature (itself). What (God did) (Christ is) IN us
5:12-21	Condemnation to death of the first man through the sin of one man, Adam: but a justifying unto life through the righteous act of one man, the Last Adam.
6:1-7:6	We are not in sin because we died with Christ.
7:7-25	Sin is in us, though we have risen with Christ.
8:1-39	No condemnation for the new man, those who are alive unto God in Christ Jesus and in whom is holy spirit, the new nature, made available by condemnation of sin in the flesh by Jesus Christ.
9:1-11:35	Administrational, how God dealt with Jew and Gentile through history
12:1-15:7	Practical
15:8-12	Administrational
15:13-21	Ministry

15:22-29	Journey
15:30-33	Prayer
16:1-24	Salutations
16:25, 26	The Sacred Secret

A Doulos of the Lord Jesus Christ

1.	Exodus 21:2,5,6	has the insignia, brand, by his deliberate decision based on love for his master
2.	Matthew 8:9 Mark 13:34	is a man "under authority"
3.	Matthew 10:24 John 13:16 John 15:20	as a servant, is not above nor greater than his master
4.	Matthew 20:27,28	is one who ministers
5.	Acts 4:29	is one who speaks the Word with boldness
6.	Acts 9:5	knows the Lord Jesus Christ
7.	Acts 27:23 for him	belongs to God and serves God, trusting God to care
8.	Romans 1:4	is marked out
9.	Romans 6:16-20	is a slave of righteousness
10.	1 Corinthians 7:22	is a freeman
11.	1 Corinthians 7:23	is bought with a price
12.	2 Corinthians 4:5	preaches Christ Jesus the Lord
13.	Galatians 1:10	does not serve and please man (serves and pleases God)
14.	Galatians 4:7	serves as a son and heir
15.	Ephesians 6:6	is one who does the will of God from the heart

16. Philippians 2:8	("no reputation") is empty of self; plays his life under by his will and self-determination
17. Philippians 2:8	humbles himself and becomes obedient
18. 2 Timothy 2:24	must not strive, is gentle unto all men, is apt to teach and is patient
19. 2 Timothy 2:24	in meekness instructs those that oppose themselves
20. 1 Peter 2:16	is one who doesn't use liberty for a cloke of maliciousness

Sacrifice

Sacrifice and at-one-ment seek to span not only the natural distance between God and man, but also the wider gulf of moral distances and disparities. While it is true, on natural grounds, that "the religious mind is ever striving to unite itself with God," yet it is preeminently this conscious moral distance between God and man which has occasioned those appalling cries of anguish, and that distressing hunger whose contemplation makes the heart sick. The wailings of humanity are full of conviction that some great calamity has befallen the race, and separated it a long distance from the Divine. There are dirges everywhere of houseless and homeless wayfarers.

The knowledge has always existed that men ought to do right, that they have done wrong, and that they must be judged. In these thoughts has been anguish enough for one world. All modern glosses thrown over sin, representing it as an appearance of evil merely, have never touched the root difficulty, or in the least degree eradicated the universal conviction and self-condemnation. Men always have felt and always will feel that sin is something besides natural perspiration, and that it is so appalling that nothing trifling will meet the requirements for justification. All thinking men who can justly lay claim to a philosophical mind agree with Plato, that upon natural grounds "it is impossible for the impure to approach the holy and perfect." More than this: that the race has been "implicated in some aboriginal calamity," which has formed (in part) this impassable gulf, strangely and yet strongly attaches itself to human thought.

Quote by John Ruskin

All errors of this kind (naturalisms)—and in the present day we are in constant and grievous danger of falling into them— arise from the originally mistaken idea that man can. 'by searching find out God—find out the Almighty to perfection;' that is to say, by help of courses of reasoning and accumulations of science, apprehend the nature of the Deity in a more exalted and more accurate manner than in a state of comparative ignorance; whereas it is clearly necessary, from the beginning to the end of time, that God's way of revealing Himself to His creatures should be a simple way, which all those creatures may understand."

This conception of God, which is the child's, is evidently the only one which can be universal, and therefore the only one which for us can be true. The moment that, in our pride of heart, we refuse to accept the condescension of the Almighty and desire Him, instead of stooping to hold our hands, to rise up before us into His glory—we hoping that by standing in a grain or two of dust of human knowledge higher than our fellows, we may behold the Creator as He rises—God takes us at our word; He rises into His own invisible and inconceivable majesty; He goes forth upon the ways which are not our ways, and retires into the thoughts which are not our thoughts; and we are left alone. And presently we say in our vain hearts, 'There is no God.'

Para	Wo	rds

1.	Romans 5:19	disobedience	parakoe	hear beside
2.	Romans 5:14	transgression	parabasis	step beside
3.	Romans 5:15	offence	paraptoma	fall beside
4.	Romans 1:25	more than	para	beside (against)
5.	Romans 5:20	entered	pareiserchomai	came in beside
6.	Romans 8:32	delivered	paradidomi	give beside
7.	Hebrews 2:14	likewise	paraplesios	come beside
8.	Romans 12:1	present	paristemi	stand beside
9.	1 Corinthians 11:2	stand beside	paradidomi	give beside
10.	Romans	stand beside	paristano	stand beside

Structure	of	Romans	6	and 7
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Statement	5:20	6:14	7:6	7:12
Question	6:1	6:15	7:7	7:13
Repudiation	6:2	6:15	7:7	7:13
Answer	6:3-14	6.16-7.6	7:7-12	7.13-25

Romans 7:15 – Three words for "Do"

katergazomai	to be the cause of author of; to work out, bring about, accomplish
prasso	to practice, do repeatedly (emphasizes means by which it is done)
poieo	to act to produce something tangible (emphasizes end, i.e. what is done)

Romans: Godliness Vs. Religion

Godliness Vs. Religion

Spiritually minded Carnally minded

God-centered Man-centered

God the subject, man the object

Man the subject, God the object

Spiritual Fleshly

New Man Old man

Living Dead

Inside out Outside in

Truth Tradition

Grace Works

Mercy Condemnation

Believe in Lord Jesus Christ Save self by sacrifices and

works

Exercise unto godliness Systematizing of error

Manifestations and fruit of the spirit Works of the flesh

Get to Got to

Freedom Bondage

Knowing God's approval Seeking man's approval

Meekness Pride

Elevates man Degrades man

Perfect prayer Vain repetitions

Ministry of reconciliation Social action alone

Gathered together Go to heaven when you die

Eternal rewards Temporal satisfaction

Ceekness Pride

Elevates man Degrades man

Perfect prayer Vain repetitions

Ministry of reconciliation Social action alone

Gathered together Go to heaven when you die

Eternal rewards Temporal satisfaction